May 23, 1928. [H. R. 10363.] [Public, No. 484.]

CHAP. 710.—An Act To provide for the construction or purchase of two L boats for the War Department.

Army.
Sum authorized for two L boats.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$50,000 to be expended by the Secretary of War for the construction or purchase of two L boats, for replacing boats of a similar type destroyed, at a cost not to exceed \$25,000 each.

Approved, May 23, 1928.

May 23, 1928. [H. R. 8546.] [Public, No. 485.]

CHAP. 711.—An Act Authorizing an appropriation of \$2,500 for the erection of a tablet or marker at Lititz, Pennsylvania, to commemorate the burial place of one hundred and ten American soldiers who were wounded in the Battle of Brandywine and died in the military hospital at Lititz.

Battle of Brandywine.
Sum authorized for tablet at Lititz, Pa., to mark burial place of Revolutionary soldiers

wounded at. Post, p. 1666.

Site to be acquired by Lititz.

Design by American citizen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$2,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized to be appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the erection of an appropriate tablet or marker at or near the spot in or near the borough of Lititz, in Pennsylvania, where one hundred and ten American soldiers of the Revolution, who were wounded in the Battle of Brandywine and were cared for in the military hospital at Lititz, lie buried: Provided, That the site on which the proposed tablet or marker is to be erected shall be acquired by the borough of Lititz.

SEC. 2. The design of said marker or tablet shall be the work of

an artist who is a citizen of the United States.

Approved, May 23, 1928.

May 23, 1928. [H. R. 9965.] [Public, No. 486.]

CHAP. 712.—An Act To erect a tablet or marker to mark the site of the Battle of Kettle Creek, in Wilkes County, Georgia, where, on February 14, 1779, Elijah Clarke, of Georgia, and Colonel Pickens, of South Carolina, overtook the Tories under Colonel Boyd, killing him and many of his followers, thus ending British dominion in Georgia.

Battle of Kettle Creek, Ga. Sum authorized for tablet on site of, in Revolutionary War. Post, p. 1378.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$2,500 be, and is hereby, authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of erecting a tablet or marker on the grounds of the Battle of Kettle Creek, in Wilkes County, Georgia, where, on February 14, 1779, Elijah Clarke, of Georgia, and Colonel Pickens, of South Carolina, overtook the Tories under Colonel Boyd, killing him and many of his followers, thus ending British dominion in Georgia, said tablet or marker to be placed on the portion of this battle ground now owned by the Daughters of the American Revolution, said sum to be dispensed by the Secretary of War after he shall have approved the plans of said tablet or marker.

Approved, May 23, 1928.

May 23, 1928, [H. R. 8314.] [Public, No. 487.]

CHAP. 713.—An Act To amend an Act of Congress approved March 4, 1927 (Public, numbered 795, Sixty-ninth Congress), to provide for appointment as warrant officers of the Regular Army of such persons as would have been eligible therefor but for the interruption of their status, caused by military service rendered by them as commissioned officers during the World War.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Army. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Vol. of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to appoint as amended.

warrant officers of the Regular Army any persons whose commissioned service in the Army during the World War, added to their sons whose commisservice as quartermaster clerk, amounted to twelve years or more in World War, interpreted to June 4, 1920, and who were not eligible for termaster Corpsservice. appointment as field clerks, Quartermaster Corps, under the provisions of the Act of August 29, 1916, because of the latest province. visions of the Act of August 29, 1916, because of the interruption of their twelve years' requisite service as quartermaster clerks to render commissioned service in the World War: Provided, That for the purposes of this Act, the period of commissioned service during the World War prior to June 4, 1920, be deemed equivalent to a like period of detached service away from permanent station or duty beyond the continental limits of the United States: Provided further, That in determining length of service for longevity pay and retire-longevity pay.

ment they shall be credited with and entitled to count the same military service as authorized for warrant officers, and all classified service rendered as clerks in the military establishment: Provided Number lies not applicable. further, That the limitation in the Act of June 30, 1922, on the number of warrant officers, United States Army, shall not apply to the appointees hereunder.

Approved, May 23, 1928.

Warrant officers.

Recognition of World War commission.

Credit of service for

limitation

CHAP. 714.—An Act To authorize the erection at Clinton, Sampson County, North Carolina, of a tablet or marker in commemoration of William Rufus King, former Vice President of the United States.

May 23, 1928. [H. R. 7903.] [Public, No. 488.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to erect a tablet or marker in commemoration of William Rufus King, former Vice President of the United States, at the place of his birth, Clinton, Sampson County, North Carolina, on ground furnished by such town, after the plans and specifications for such tablet or marker have been submitted

to and approved by the Commission of Fine Arts.

Sec. 2. There is authorized to be appropriated, out of any money appropriated.

Post, p. 1378. in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$2,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions

of this Act.

Approved, May 23, 1928.

William Rufus King. Tablet authorized at Clinton, N. C., the birthplace of former Vice President.

Approval of plans.

Sum authorized to be

CHAP. 715.—An Act To amend the Act entitled "An Act to readjust the pay and allowances of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service."

May 23, 1928. [H. R. 5718.] [Public, No. 489.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph pay readjustment.

5. section 1 of the Act approved I america in Congress assembled, That paragraph pay readjustment. 5, section 1, of the Act approved June 10, 1922 (volume 42, Statutes at Large, chapter 212, page 626), entitled "An Act to readjust the ed. pay and allowances of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service," be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows: "The pay of the fourth period shall be paid to lieutenant colonels of the Army, commanders of the Navy, Grade at entitling to and officers of corresponding grade who are not entitled to the pay of the fifth or sixth period; to majors of the Army, lieutenant commanders of the Navy, and officers of corresponding grade who have completed fourteen years' service, or whose first appointment in the permanent service was in a grade above that corresponding to second

Vol. 42, p. 626, amend-

Rates of pay. Fourth period. Grade and a service